c. 1725-1750 and later

S-84
Panther's Den
Venton vicinity
private

"Panther's Den" is a story-and-a-half Flemish bond brick house located between the forks of Little Monie Creek. The building has a steeply pitched wood shingled roof with three dormers on each slope. The three-bay, center hall house is estimated to date to the second quarter of the eighteenth century, while the structure was enlarged late in the century and remodeled inside around 1830-1850. Important exterior features include a plastered cove cornice and patterned brickwork incorporating glazed headers. Interior trim, including the stair, mantels, chair rails and architraves date from the early nineteenth century remodeling, however, eighteenth-century fragments of raised paneling, molded floor joists, tilted false-plate eave construction, and wrought-iron hardware remain in the house.

John Pantor (also spelled Panter and Panther) is of local significance as an early settler (c. 1663-1666), as well as a prominent land owner and highway surveyor. The two-hundred acres comprising "Panther's Den," was granted to him on November 11, 1666. The sixth item in his will of 1714 states, "I give the plantation and land whereon I now live called as aforesaid 'Pantors Den,' after my wife Dorothy's decease unto my cousin Catherin Laws and the heirs of her body lawfully forever." (EB 9/51) It is not known when the brick house was begun, but in all likelihood it was the later owners who erected the brick plantation house. As directed by Pantor's will, his property passed into the hands of Catherine and Pantor Laws (also spelled Lawes). By Pantor Laws' will of 1769 (EB 14/145), the plantation was inherited by Pantor's children after his second wife's death. On May 1, 1792, John Laws, one of the heirs, conveyed to his brother, Thomas, 188

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acres known as "Panther's Denn." (I/359) Six years later the federal assessment described the dwelling of Thomas Laws as,

1 Dwelling house 45 by 20 feet brick one story 4 windows 5 feet long 2 1/2 feet wide 4 windows 4 feet long 2 feet wide out of repair, 1 cook house 16 by 20 feet, colonnade 14 by 10 feet unfinished, 1 hen house 10 feet square

The 45' by 20' measurement of Thomas Laws' house indicates the eighteenfoot deep initial house had been enlarged by that time by either Thomas, John or
their father, Pantor Laws. The entry, "out of repair" suggests that the
improvements were relatively old.

The property did not remain in the family much longer for in May of 1802 "Panther's Denn" was sold to Robert Robertson for L 1000 (N/500). However, Robert Robertson died within the next year, and he willed the property to his wife, Anne Hack Robertson, and after her death, to be equally divided between the children of George and James Robertson, brothers of Robert.(EB 23/80) Thomas B. Robertson sold "Panther's Den" to Robert Leatherbury in March of 1815 (LP 2/407), who held onto the plantation until 1827 when he sold it to George B. Waller and his property until 1827 when he sold it to George B. Waller and wife Maria.(GH 3/490) The Waller family held onto the farm, known by the name "Lindenwood" in the late nineteenth-century land records, until 1903 when the 200 acres were sold to Mary M. Lloyd (OTB 35/66) The present owner acquired a 124-acre tract around the house in 1976 (295/267).

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See Instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

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Type all entries-	-complete applic	able sec	tions						
1. Nam	е								
historic	"Panther's	Den"	(preferre	i); "Lind	lenwoo	od"			
and/or common	Kohlheim l	louse							
2. Loca	tion								
street & number	Drawbridge	e Road					n/a	not for publ	Ication
city, town	Venton		X vici	nity of	con	gressional	district	First	
state	Maryland	code	24	county	Son	erset	2	code	039
3. Clas	sification	1							
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X private both Public Acquisitic in process being conside X not applic	ered	Status occupie unoccu work in AccessibleX yes: res yes: un no	pied progress stricted		esent Use _ agricultu _ commerc _ educatio _ entertain _ governm _ industria _ military	re cial nal ment ent	museum park private i religious scientifi transpoi	residence s c rtation
4. Own	er of Pro		У						
name	Dr. James								
street & number	600 Pine	Bluff I	Road						
city, town	Salisbury		n/a vic	inity of			state	Maryland	21801
5. Loca	ation of L	ega	l Desc	riptio	on	- ;			
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	Somer	set Count	y Courtho	use				
street & number									
city, town		Princ	ess Anne				state	Maryland	21853
6. Rep	resentati	on i	n Exis	ting	Sur	veys			
title	Maryland Hi Historic Si			has this pro	perty	been deter	mined eleg	jible? ye	es <u>X</u> no
date	1983					federal	X_ state	county	loca
depository for su	irvey records	Maryl	and Histo	rical Tru	ısi,	21 State	Circle		
city, town		Annap	olis				state	Maryland	21401

7. Descrip	tion 😕	(• S-8
X good	Check one deteriorated unaltered ruinsX altered unexposed	Check one X original site n/a
Describe the present Number of Res	and original (if known) phy	
	- =,-	Number of previously listed
Contributing		National Register properties
	buildings	included in this nomination: $\hat{\mathbf{v}}$
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
2	0_structures	Original and historic functions
<u>C</u>	$\underline{}$ 0 objects	and uses: residential
4	0 Total	-

DESCRIPTION SUMMARY:

Panther's Den is a 1½ story, Flemish bond brick house located between forks of Little Monie Creek near Venton in Somerset County, Maryland. The building has a steeply pitched, wood shingled gable roof with three dormers on each slope. The three-bay, center-hall plan house was originally constructed in the second quarter of the eighteenth century, enlarged late in the 18th century, and remodeled on the interior ca. 1830-1850. A one-story frame kitchen wing was added to the south gable ca. 1900. Important exterior features include a plastered cove cornice and patterned brickwork incorporating glazed headers. Interior trim, including the stair, mantels, chair rails and architraves date from the early 19th century remodeling; some earlier paneling was reused in this historic removation. The property also includes a ca. 1830-1850 pyramidal-roofed dairy of heavy timber frame construction and an early 20th century board and batten tack house. A 19th-century family burial plot is located to the south of the house.

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Panther's Den Continuation sheet Somerset County, Maryland

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

The property known historically as "Panther's Den" is located between forks of Little Monie Creek and west of Drawbridge Road. The farm lane to the house intersects Drawbridge Road about a half mile north of Venton, Maryland.

An architectural analysis of this story-and-a-half three bay center hall house indicates that an early 18th-century brick house was enlarged at some point (probably in the last decades of the 18th century) and then remodeled around 1830-1850. Around 1900, a single story two-room kitchen wing was attached to the south gable end. Also located on the property are two outbuildings; a c. 1830-1850 pyramidal roofed frame dairy and a c. 1900-1920 board and batten tack house. In addition, a family burial plot can be seen to the south of the house.

Facing southwest, the story-and-a-half structure is coated on two sides with a thick layer of stucco. A steeply pitched, wood shingle roof with three dormers to each side covers the 45' 1" x 20' 9" Flemish bond brick house. With the removal of a stoop on the west facade, a checkerboard glazed header design has been partially exposed. Both the east and west sides have a bevelod water table and plastered cove cornice. Part of the plaster has fallen off on the west side to reveal split oak lath fastened with wrought nails.

The west facade is pierced by a center door with four-light transom and flanking large scale 9/6 sash windows. Raised panel shutters with diagonal board backs have been included in restoration work.

The north gable end is not stuccoed and reveals the most architectural information about the expansion of the house. Clearly seen on this end is the profile of an earlier house approximately 18 feet deep - two feet shallower than the present house. Despite some rebuilt portions of the early gable end, a definite diagonal brick pattern is evident and confined to the earliest portion of the brick wall. An obvious diagonal seam on each side of the chimney stack is visible which indicates the degree of expansion. (Approximately a foot to each side and two feet higher). The wall is pierced by two large size 9/6 windows on the first floor and by two 4/4 sash on the second floor.

The east side is almost identical to the west elevation, aside from a small center door.

The south gable end is largely covered by the turn-of-the-20th-century kitchen wing. Similar diagonal and vertical seams in the painted brickwork are consistent with those found on the north wall.

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Somerset County, Maryland

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

Inside, the seven foot wide hall divides two nearly equal-sized rooms. The early 19th-century stair has a square newel post, while rectangular balusters support a circular handrail. Under the stair is a small closet with reused raised paneling for the interior wall surfaces.

A flush six panel door opens into the north room or "parlor." The late Federal style mantel follows the standard format with a molded shelf, stepped bed molding and protruding frieze blocks. The center block is plain but the end blocks are paneled. Another stepped molding stretches below the frieze. Under the frieze molding, two round columns flank the fireplace opening. Chair rail as well as door and window surrounds follow standard early 19th-century profiles with ogee and astragal backband molding.

South of the hall is a nearly square room with a mid 19th-century mantel of plain pilasters, plain frieze and thick shelf. A door to the left of the chimney breast opens into the later kitchen wing.

The second floor is divided into three rooms. One small room at the head of the stairs was converted into a bathroom, while the other two flanking rooms serve as chambers. A small closet with raised four panel door is also located at the head of the stairs. HL hinges survive on the north bedroom door. Stove holes pierce each chimney breast and are surrounded by plain mantels. Split oak lathing covers both walls and ceilings; however, the ceiling lath covers molded joists and is held by cut nails, while the wall lath is fastened by wrought nails. Access into the attic revealed a common rafter system with a lapped and pinned joint at the peak. Rafter feet rest on a tilted false plate.

Directly adjacent to the frame kitchen wing is a pyramidal roofed dairy of mortise and tenon frame construction. The square structure is sheathed by flush weatherboarding and pierced on three sides by pairs of louvered openings. A board and batten door allows access on the east side. The pyramidal roof frame has been replaced but rests on original "outlooker" supports.

A small board and batten frame tack house with gable front stands south of the dairy and is held together with wire nails.

The small family cemetery is located a few hundred feet south of the house.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699X 1700-1799 _X 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications		landscape architectur law literature military music t phllosophy politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	2nd quarter 18th	Builder/Architect	unknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Applicable Criterion: C Criteria Exceptions: none

Level of Significance for Evaluation: local

SIGNIFICANCE SUMMARY

"Panther's Den" is significant for its architecture. It is one of a collection of approximately eight early 18th century story-and-a-half glazed brick pattern houses in Somerset County. Both the story-and-a-half house form and the glazed brick tradition are typical of the early 18th century mid-Atlantic costal settlements. "Panther's Den" is an altered, but still significant representative of this house type with its basic form intact and an original pair of 18th-century cove cornices. Notable original interior features include a tilted false-plate, reused 18th-century paneling, and molded floor joists on the second floor. The interior of "Panther's Den" experienced one major renovation around 1830-1850 with the replacement of mantels, chair rail, and baseboards. These changes are largely superficial and reflect the stylish renovations many houses experience through time. This-story-and-a-half house appears to be the second house erected on the site and is indicative of the first period of rebuilding carried out by substantial land owners in Somerset County. John Pantor, who was granted "Panther's Den" in 1666, is thought to have lived on the property until his death in 1714. However, the extant brick house is more representative of the houses built in the following quarter century.

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HISTORY AND SUPPORT

John Pantor (also spelled Panter and Panther) is of local notoriety as an early settler (c. 1663-1666), as well as prominent land owner and surveyor of highways. The successive owners were also known locally as prominent Somerset residents, but were of no extraordinary historical significance.

The two hundred acres comprising "Panther's Den" was granted to John Pantor (also Panther and Panter) on November 11, 1666, and remained his property until his death in 1714. The sixth item of his will states, "I give the plantation and land whereon I now live called as aforesaid "Pantors Den", after my wife Dorothy's decease unto my cousin Catherin Laws and the heirs of her body lawfully forever."2 It is not known when the brick house was begun, but in all probability it was the later owners who erected the first brick house on the property. As directed by John Pantor's will, his property passed into the hands of Catherin and Pantor Lawes (also Laws) and then by Pantor Lawes' will of 17693 into the hands of Pantor's children after his second wife's death. On May 1, 1792, John Laws conveyed to his brother Thomas, 188 acres known as "Panther's Denn."4 Six years later the Federal Assessment described the dwelling house of Thomas Laws as,

1 dwelling house 45 by 20 feet brick one story 4 windows 5 feet long 2^{1} 4 feet wide 4 windows 4 feet long 2 feet wide out of repair 1 cook house 16 by 20 ft. colonade 14 by 10 feet unfinished 1 hen house 10 feet square, total valuation \$300.5

This 45' x 20' measurement of Thomas Laws' house indicates that the eighteen feet deep initial house had been enlarged by that time by either Thomas, John or their father, Pantor Laws. The entry "out of repair" suggests that the improvements were relatively old.

The property did not remain in the family much longer, for in May of 1802 "Panter's Denn" was sold to Robert Robertson for £1500. However, Robert Robertson died within the next year, and he willed his property of "Panther's Den" to his wife, Anne Hack Robertson, and after her death to be equally divided between the children of George and James Robertson, brothers of Robert. Thomas B. Robertson sold "Panther's Den" to Robert Leatherbury in March of 18158 who held onto the property until 1827 when he sold it to George B. Waller and his wife Maria Waller. From the style of the interior woodwork, Leatherbury or the later Wallers could have been responsible for the c. 1830-1850 remodeling. The Waller family held onto the farm, known by the name of "Lindenwood" in the late 19th-century land records, until 1903 when the then 200 acres were sold to Mary M. Lloyd. The present owner acquired the now 124.08 acre tract in 1976. 11

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Footnotes

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

1798 Federal Assessment - Monie Hundred - Thomas Laws.

Somerset County Land Records, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Somerset County Courthouse.

Somerset County Rent Rolls - 1663-1723, transcribed by Ruth T. Dryden.

Somerset County Wills, Rigister of Wills, Somerset County Courthouse.

Torrence, Clayton Old Somerset on the Eastern Shore, Regional Publishing Co., Baltimore, 1966.

¹Somerset County Rent Rolls 1663-1723, Transcribed by Ruth T. Dryden.

 $^{^2}$ Somerset County Will Book, E B 9/51, 1713-1714.

³Somerset County Will Book, E B 14/145, 1/20/1769.

⁴Somerset County Deed, I/359, 5/1/1792.

⁵1798 Federal Assessment for Thomas Laws - Monie Hundred.

^{6&}lt;sub>Somerset</sub> County Deed Book, N/500, 5/8/1802.

⁷Somerset County Will Book, E.B. 23/80, 12/8/1803.

⁸ Somerset County Deed book, L P 2/407, 3/12/1815.

^{9&}lt;sub>Somerset</sub> County Deed Book, G. H. 3/490, 5/8. 1827.

¹⁰ Somerset County Deed Book, O,T.B. 35/66.

OMB No. 1024-0018 Exp. 10-31-84

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BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

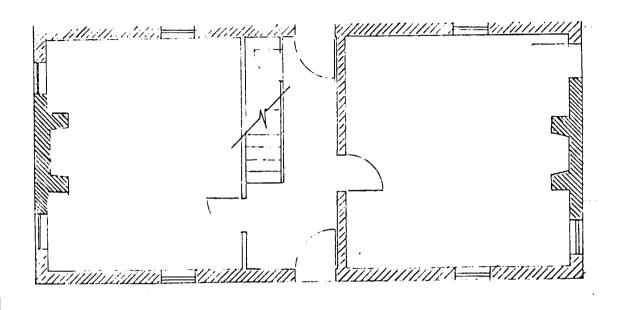
Beginning at a point on the north side of the farm lane leading to the nominated house and running with said lane in a westerly direction for approximately 226 feet to a point along lane, thence in a northwesterly direction through the adjacent field for another 115 feet to a point in said field, thence in a southwesterly direction across field for 562 feet to a point along the south fork of the Little Monie Creek, thence with the course of said creek for approximately 908 feet to a point along said creek and thence running in a northeasterly direction through creek marsh, field and along the southern boundary of family burial plot for about 742 feet to the place of beginning, containing 8 acres more or less. Boundaries are depicted on the enclosed map.

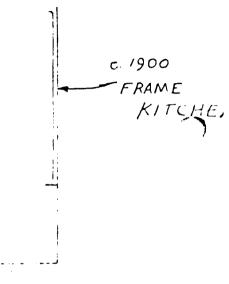
BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The eight acres included in this nomination encompass the house and outbuildings within their immediate landscaped setting, include the 19th-century family burial plot, and preserve the property's historic orientation to a branch of Little Monie Creek.

See Continuation Sheet No. 4

10. Geo	graph	ical Dat	a					
Acreage of nomina Quadrangle name UMT References	Monie, M	approx. 8 a Maryland	acres	Quadrangie scale 1:24,000				
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C 1 ₁ 8 4 3 ₁ E 4 3 ₁	0 61410 	412 218 6161) P	18 43 11 11 11 11	10 7 18 10 4 12 2 18 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8101 		
Verbal boundary	y descriptio	n and justificati	on					
See Cont:	inuation S	Sheet No. 5						
List all states a	nd counties	for properties	overlapping state	or county	boundaries			
state n/a		code	county	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	code			
tate		code	county		code			
11. For	m Pre	pared By	V					
name/title organization		art, Archited	ctural Historia	un date	.19 October 1983			
street & number	424 Nort	th Somerset Av	enue	teiephor	ne 301-651-1094			
city or town	Princess	s Anne		state	Maryland 21853			
12. Sta	te His	toric Pr	eservatio	n Off	icer Certifica	ation		
The evaluated sign	nificance of t	his property within	the state is:					
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89–665), i hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.								
State Historic Pres	servation Off	icer signature	All Ast		2-21-84			
title	STATE H	STORIC PRESE	RVATION OFFICER	1	date			
For HCRS use o								
I hereby cer	tify that this	property is include	ed in the National Re	gister				
	allowed State				date			
Keeper of the N	ational Megi s	LOT			data			
Attest: Chief of Registre	ation				date			
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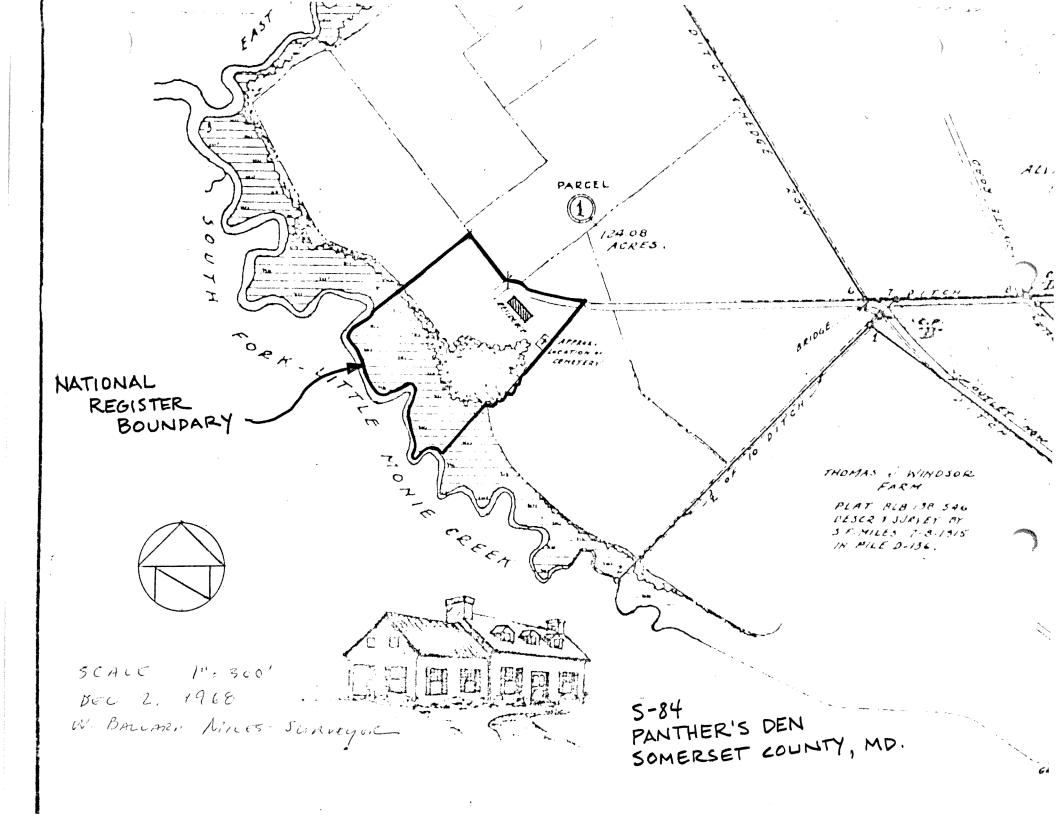






1" PERIOD BRICK WILL

PANTHER'S DEN NR YENTON 5-84 1/8'=1'0" PBT







Panthers' Den S-84
Venton vicinity, Somerset Co., MD.
West elevation
10/83, Paul Touart, Photographer
Neg./MD. Hist. Trust



"Panther's Den S-84
near Venton
2nd floor ceiling
Photographer-Paul Touart
September 1983



"Panther's Den" S-84
near Venton
northeast elevation
Photographer-Paul Touart
September 1983

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